## **Unit: Online Safety**

Key Vocabulary	
Citation	Making reference to the original source of a piece of information quotation or image.
Collaborate	To work jointly on an activity or project.
Copyright	When the rights to something belong to a specific person.
Creative Commons Licence	A non-profit organisation who provide free licences for creators to use. If an image has a CC licence, you may usually use the image for non-commercial purposes. You must still give credit to the original creator of the image.
Encrypt	The translation of data into a secret code to achieve data security.
Identity theft	When someone pretends to be another person online. It can be done for financial gain or to steal others' private information.
Malware	Software that is specifically designed to disrupt, damage, or gain unauthorised access to a computer system.
Ownership	Who has permission or can give permission to use or edit a resource or part of the resource.
PEGI ratings	These show the age that digital content is suitable for and the type of content that it contains.
Phishing	The practice of sending email pretending to be from reputable companies in order to persuade individuals to reveal personal information, such as passwords and credit cards numbers.
Password	The practice of sending email pretending to be from reputable companies in order to persuade individuals to reveal personal information, such as passwords and credit cards numbers.
Personal Information	Identifying information about yourself such as your name, address and telephone number
Reliable source	A source of information that provides thorough, well-reasoned details based on valid evidence.
Validity	The quality of something being logically or factually sound.

## **Key Question**

Who do I tell if I see anything online that makes me upset or scared?

When you are at school, you should tell the teacher or another adult. At home, you should tell your parent or guardian or another adult that you trust.

Why are passwords so important?

Passwords protect
your information and
stop other people
accessing it.
Passwords are like a
toothbrush; they
should not be shared
with anyone else

**Key Question** 

Why is it important to reference sources in my work?

If you use a book or article written by someone else, then you must reference it, so people know where you got the information from. If you don't do this, then it is known as plagiarism.

## SMART

Stay <u>Safe</u>

Don't give out your personal information to people/places you don't know.



Don't <u>Meet</u>Up

Meeting someone you have only been in touch with online can be dangerous. Always check with an adult you trust.

Accepting Files

Accepting emails, files, pictures or texts from people you don't know can cause problems.

<u>Reliable?</u>

Check
information
before you
believe it. Is
the person or
website
telling the
truth?

<u>Tell</u> Someone

Tell an adult if someone or something makes you feel weird or uncomfortable.



**Important icons** 

